# Environment Act Licence Loi sur l'environnement Licence



Licence No./Licence n° 2674

Issue Date/Date de délivrance January 25, 2005

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ENVIRONMENT ACT (C.C.S.M. c. E125) THIS LICENCE IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 11(1) TO:

#### RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF MACDONALD; "the Licencee"

for the construction and operation of the Development being a wastewater collection system and a wastewater treatment lagoon located on SW and SE 27-8-2EPM in the Rural Municipality of Macdonald and with discharge of treated effluent to an existing drainage route that flows north, under Provincial Road 247, and to the LaSalle River, in accordance with the Proposal filed under The Environment Act on July 26, 2004 and subject to the following specifications, limits, terms and conditions:

### DEFINITIONS

In this Licence,

"accredited laboratory" means an analytical facility accredited by the Standard Council of Canada (SCC), or accredited by another accrediting agency recognized by Manitoba Conservation to be equivalent to the SCC, or be able to demonstrate, upon request, that it has the quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures in place equivalent to accreditation based on the international standard ISO/IEC 17025, or otherwise approved by the Director,

"appurtenances" means machinery, appliances, or auxiliary structures attached to a main structure to enable it to function, but not considered an integral part of it;

"as constructed drawings" means engineering drawings complete with all dimensions which indicate all features of the Development as it has actually been built;

"ASTM" means the American Society for Testing and Materials;

\*\*A COPY OF THE LICENCE MUST BE KEPT ON SITE AT THE DEVELOPMENT AT ALL TIMES\*\*

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"bentonite" means specially formulated standard mill grade sodium bentonite conforming to American Petroleum Institute Specification 13-A;

"Director" means an employee so designated pursuant to The Environment Act,

"DPD method" means the diethyl-p-phenylenediamine colorimatric method of determining chlorine residuals in accordance with the most recent version of the Standard Methods For the Examination of Water and Wastewater;

"effluent" means treated wastewater flowing or pumped out of the wastewater treatment lagoon;

"fecal coliform" means aerobic and facultative, Gram-negative, nonspore-forming, rodshaped bacteria capable of growth at 44.5° C, and associated with fecal matter of warmblooded animals:

"five-day biochemical oxygen demand" means that part of the oxygen demand usually associated with biochemical oxidation of organic matter within five days at a temperature of 20° C;

"flooding" means the flowing of water onto lands, other than waterways, due to the overtopping of a waterway or waterways;

"high water mark" means the line on the interior surface of the primary and secondary cells which is normally reached when the cell is at the maximum allowable liquid level or the line of the exterior of the perimeter dykes which is reached during local flooding;

"hydraulic conductivity" means the quantity of water that will flow through a unit cross-sectional area of a perous material per unit of time under a hydraulic gradient of 1.0;

"in-situ" means on the site;

"low water mark" means the line on the interior surface of the primary and secondary cells which is normally reached when the cell is discharged;

"MPN Index" means the most probable number of coliform organisms in a given volume of wastewater which, in accordance with statistical theory, would yield the observed test result with the greatest frequency;

"primary cell" means the first in a series of cells of the wastewater treatment lagoon system and which is the cell that receives the untreated wastewater;

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- "riprap" means small, broken stones or boulders placed compactly or irregularly on dykes or similar embankments for protection of earth surfaces against wave action or current:
- "secondary cell" means a cell of the wastewater treatment lagoon system which is the cell that receives partially treated wastewater from the primary cell;
- "septage" means the sludge produced in individual on-site wastewater disposal systems such as septic tanks;
- "sewage" means household and commercial wastewater that contains human waste;
- "sludge" means the accumulated solids separated from liquids, such as water or wastewater, during processing;
- "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" means the most recent edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater published jointly by the American Public Health Association, the American Waterworks Association and the Water Environment Federation;
- "total coliform" means a group of aerobic and facultative anaerobic, Gram-negative, nonspore-forming, rod-shaped bacteria, that ferment lactose with gas and acid formation within 48 hours at 35 °C, and inhabit predominantly the intestines of man or animals, but are occasionally found elsewhere and include the sub-group of fecal coliform bacteria;
- "wastewater" means the spent or used water of a community or industry which contains dissolved and suspended matter.
- "wastewater collection system" means the sewer and pumping system used for the collection and conveyance of domestic, commercial and industrial wastewater; and
- "wastewater treatment lagoon" means the component of the development which consists of an impoundment into which wastewater is discharged for storage and treatment by natural oxidation.

#### GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

This Section of the Licence contains requirements intended to provide guidance to the Licencee in implementing practices to ensure that the environment is maintained in Rural Municipality of Macdonald La Salle Wastewater Treatment Lagoon Licence No. 2674 Page 4 of 9

such a manner as to sustain a high quality of life, including social and economic development, recreation and leisure for present and future Manitobans.

- The Licencee shall direct all wastewater generated within the Community of La Salle toward the wastewater treatment lagoon or other approved sewage treatment facilities.
- In addition to any of the limits, terms and conditions specified in this Licence, the Licencee shall, upon the request of the Director:
  - a) sample, monitor, analyze and/or investigate specific areas of concern regarding any segment, component or aspect of pollutant storage, containment, treatment, handling, disposal or emission systems, for such pollutants or ambient quality, aquatic toxicity, leachate characteristics and discharge or emission rates, for such duration and at such frequencies as may be specified;
  - b) determine the environmental impact associated with the release of any pollutant(s) from the Development; or
  - provide the Director, within such time as may be specified, with such reports, drawings, specifications, analytical data, descriptions of sampling and analytical procedures being used, bioassay data, flow rate measurements and such other information as may from time to time be requested.
- 3. The Licencee shall, unless otherwise specified in this Licence:
  - carry out all preservations and analyses on liquid samples in accordance with the methods prescribed in "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" or in accordance with an equivalent analytical methodology approved by the Director;
  - have all analytical determinations undertaken by an accredited laboratory;
  - report the results to the Director, in writing or in a format acceptable to the Director, within 60 days of the samples being taken.
- 4. The Licencee shall, during construction and operation of the Development, report spills of fuels or other contaminants to an Environment Officer in accordance with the requirements of *Manitoba Regulation 439/87* respecting *Environmental Accident Reporting* or any future amendment thereof.
- The Licencee shall comply with the provisions of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada/Manitoba Natural Resources publication, "Manitoba Stream Crossing Guidelines for the Protection of Fish and Fish Habitat" (May, 1996).

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#### SPECIFICATIONS, LIMITS, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- The Licencee shall notify the assigned Environment Officer not less than two
  weeks prior to beginning construction of the Development. The notification shall
  include the intended starting date of construction.
- 7. The Licencee shall locate all fuel storage and equipment servicing areas established for the construction and operation of the Development a minimum distance of 100 metres from any waterbody, and shall comply with the requirements of Manitoba Regulation 188/2001 respecting Storage and Handling of Petroleum Products and Allied Products Regulation or any future amendment thereof.
- The Licencee shall:
  - a) conduct all ditch related work activities during no flow or dry conditions and not during the April 1 to June 15 fish spawning and incubation period.
  - b) not construct the wastewater treatment lagoon or wastewater collection system during periods of heavy rain;
  - place and/or isolate all dredged and construction material where it will not erode into any watercourse;
  - d) implement effective long-term sediment and erosion control measures to prevent soil-laden runoff, and/or six from entering any watercourse during construction and until vegetation is established;
  - e) routinely inspect all erosion and sediment control structures and immediately complete any necessary maintenance or repair; and
  - f) maintain streambeds and banks of watercourses associated with lagoon operation and repair eroded and physically unstable streambeds and banks associated with the wastewater treatment lagoon, the discharge route and associated watercourses such that they are able to perform the operations for which they were designed and constructed.
- The Licencee shall, prior to the construction of the dykes for the wastewater treatment lagoon:
  - a) remove all organic topsoil from the area where the dykes will be constructed; or
  - b) remove all organic material for a depth of 0.3 metres and a width of 3.0 metres from the area where the liner will be constructed.
- 10. The Licencee shall construct and maintain the wastewater treatment lagoon, with a continuous liner under all interior surfaces of the cells in accordance with the following specifications:
  - a) the liner shall be made of clay;
  - b) the liner shall be at least one metre in thickness;

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- c) the liner shall have a hydraulic conductivity of 1 x 10<sup>-7</sup> centimetres per second or less at all locations; and
- d) the liner shall be constructed to an elevation of 2.5 metres above the floor elevations of the primary cells and the secondary cells.
- 11. The Licencee shall operate and maintain the wastewater treatment agoon in such a manner that:
  - a) the release of offensive odours is minimized;
  - b) the organic loading on the primary cells, as indicated by the five-day biochemical oxygen demand, is not in excess of 56 kilograms per hectare per day; and
  - the depths of liquid in the primary cells and secondary cells do not exceed
     1.5 metres.
- 12. The Licencee shall construct and maintain an all-weather access road and a sewage dumping station for truck handled sewage. The dumping facility shall have a surface splash ramp with a smooth hard surface that can be easily washed free of solids.
- 13. The Licencee shall not discharge, or permit discharge of, septage into the wastewater treatment lagoon between the 15<sup>th</sup> day of October of any year and the 1<sup>st</sup> day of June of the following year.
- 14. The Licencee shall install and maintain a fence around the wastewater treatment lagoon to limit access. The fence shall be a minimum of 1.2 meters high and have a locking gate, which shall be locked at all times except to allow access to the wastewater treatment lagoon.
- 15. The Licencee shall, if, in the opinion of the Director, significant erosion of the interior surfaces of the dykes occurs, repair the dyke and place rip rap on the interior dyke surfaces from 0.6 metres above the high water mark to at least 0.6 metres below the low water mark to protect the dykes from wave action.
- 16. The Licencee shall provide and maintain a grass cover on the dykes of the wastewater treatment lagoon and shall regulate the growth of the vegetation so that the height of the vegetation does not exceed 0.3 metres on all dykes.
- 17. The Licencee shall annually remove by mechanical methods all reeds, rushes and trees located above the low water mark in every cell of the wastewater treatment lagoon.
- 18. The Licencee shall implement an ongoing program to ensure that burrowing animals are removed from the site of the wastewater treatment lagoon.

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- 19. The Licencee shall maintain the effluent discharge route such that ponding of effluent does not occur along the effluent discharge route.
- 20. The Licencee shall not discharge effluent from the wastewater treatment lagoon:
  - a) where the organic content of the effluent, as indicated by the five day biochemical oxygen demand, is in excess of 30 milligrams per litre:
  - where the fecal coliform content of the effluent, as indicated by the MPN index, is in excess of 200 per 100 millilitres of sample;
  - where the total coliform content of the effluent, as indicated by the MPN index, is in excess of 1500 per 100 millilitres of sample;
  - d) where a residual chlorine content is detectable in the effluent by the DPD method:
  - e) between the 1<sup>st</sup> day of November of any year and the 15<sup>th</sup> day of June of the following year;
  - f) when flooding from any cause is occurring along the effluent drainage route; or
  - g) when such a discharge would cause or contribute to flooding in or along the effluent drainage route.

## MONITORING AND REPORTING

- 21. The Licencee shall prior to each effluent discharge campaign obtain grab samples of the treated wastewater and have them analyzed for:
  - a) the organic content as indicated by the five day biochemical oxygen demand and expressed as milligrams per litre;
  - b) the tecal coliform content as indicated by the MPN index and expressed as MPN per 100 millilitres per sample; and
  - the total coliform content as indicated by the MPN index and expressed as MPN per 100 millilitres per sample.
- The Licencee shall provide a minimum of seven days notice to Manitoba Transportation and Government Services of a proposed discharge of treated effluent to the discharge route.
- 23. The Licencee shall:
  - a) during each year maintain records of:
    - i) wastewater sample dates;
    - original copies of laboratory analytical results of the sampled wastewater; and
    - effluent discharge dates;
  - make the records being maintained pursuant to sub-Clause 23 (a) of this Licence available to an Environment Officer upon request; and

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- c) keep the maintained records of any one calendar year available for inspection for a period of three years following the respective calendar year in which they were recorded.
- 24. The Licencee shall, in case of physical or mechanical breakdows of the wastewater collection and/or treatment system:
  - a) notify the Director immediately;
  - identify the repairs required to the wastewater collection and/or treatment system;
  - undertake all repairs to minimize unauthorized discharges of wastewater;
     and
  - d) complete the repairs in accordance with any written instructions of the Director.
- 25. The Licencee shall arrange with the designated Environment Officer a mutually acceptable time and date for any required soil sampling between the 15<sup>th</sup> day of May and the 15<sup>th</sup> day of October of any year.
- 26. The Licencee shall take and test undisturbed soil samples, in accordance with Schedule "A" attached to this Licence, from the liner of the wastewater treatment lagoon; the number and location of samples and test methods to be specified by the designated Environment Officer up to a maximum of 30 samples.
- 27. The Licencee shall, not less than 2 weeks before the wastewater treatment lagoon is placed in operation, submit to the Director the results of the tests carried out pursuant to Clause 26 of this Licence.
- 28. The Deencee shall actively participate in any future watershed-based management study, plan and/or nutrient reduction program, approved by the Director, for the LaSalle River and associated waterways and watersheds.
- 29. The Licencee shall:
  - a) prepare "as constructed drawings" for the Development and shall label the drawings "As Constructed"; and
  - provide to the Director, on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of December 2005, two sets of "as constructed drawings" of the wastewater treatment lagoon.

#### REVIEW AND REVOCATION

 Environment Act Licence No. 1553 is rescinded upon approved commissioning of the additional treatment and storage cells. Rural Municipality of Macdonald La Salle Wastewater Treatment Lagoon Licence No. 2674 Page 9 of 9

- B. If, in the opinion of the Director, the Licencee has exceeded or is exceeding or has or is failing to meet the specifications, limits, terms, or conditions set out in this Licence, the Director may, temporarily or permanently, revoke this Licence.
- C. If the Licencee has not commenced construction of the Development within three years of the date of this Licence, the Licence is revoked.
- D. If, in the opinion of the Director, new evidence warrants a charge in the specifications, limits, terms or conditions of this Licence, the Director may require the filing of a new proposal pursuant to Section 11 of The Environment Act.

J. Trent Hreno

A/Director

Environmental Approvals Branch

Client File No.: 2471.40

#### Schedule "A" to Environment Act Licence No. 2674

#### Soil Sampling:

- 1. The Licencee shall provide a drilling rig, acceptable to the designated Environment Officer, to extract soil samples from the liner which is not placed or found at the surface of the lagoon structure. This includes all wastewater treatment lagoons constructed with clay cutoffs at the interior base of the dyke or with a clay cutoff is the centre of the dyke. The drill rig shall have the capacity to drill to the maximum depth of the clay cutoff plus an additional 2 metres. The drill rig shall be equipped with both standard and hollow stem augers. The minimum hole diameter shall be 5 inches.
- 2. For lagoon liners placed or found at the surface of the lagoon structure, the Licencee shall provide a machine, acceptable to the designated Environment Officer, capable of pressing a sampling tube into the liner in a straight line motion along the centre axis line of the sample tube and without sideways movement.
- 3. Soil samples shall be collected and shipped in accordance with ASTM Standard D 1587 (Standard Practice for Thin-Walled Tuke Sampling of Soils), D 4220 (Standard Practice for Preserving and Transporting Soil Samples) and D 3550 (Standard Practice for Ring-Lines Barrel Sampling of Soils). Thin-walled tubes shall meet the stated requirements including length, inside clearance ratio and corrosion protection. An adequate centing area shall be provided through the sampling head.
- 4. At the time of sample collection, the designated Environment Officer shall advise the Licencee as to the soil testing method that must be used on each sample. The oedometer method may be used for a sample were the Environment Officer determines that the soil sample is taken from an undisturbed clay soil which has not been remoulded and which is homogeneous and unweathered. The triaxial test shall be used for all samples taken from disturbed and remoulded soils or from non homogeneous and weathered soils.
- 5. The Licencee shall provide a report on the collection of soil samples to the designated Environment Officer and to the laboratory technician which includes but is not limited to: a plot plan indicating sample location, depth or elevation of sample, length of advance of the sample tube length of soil sample contained in the tube after its advancement, the soil test method specified by the Environment Officer for each soil sample and all necessary instructions from the site engineer to the laboratory technician.
- All drill and sample holes shall be sealed with bentonite pellets after the field drilling and sampling has been completed.

#### Soil Testing Methods:

#### 1. Triaxial Test Method

- a) The soil samples shall be tested for hydraulic conductivity using ASTM D 5084 (Standard Test Method for Measurement of Hydraulic Conductivity of Saturated Porous Materials Using a Flexible Wall Permeameter).
- b) Soil specimens shall have a minimum diameter of 70 mm (2.75 inches) and a minimum height of 70 mm (2.75 inches). The soil specimens shall be selected from a section of the soil sample which contains the most porous material based on a visual inspection. The hydraulic gradient shall not exceed 30 during sample preparation and testing. Swelling of the soil specimen should be controlled to adjust for: the amount of compaction measured during sample collection and extraction from the tube and the depth or elevation of the sample. The effective stress used during saturation or consolidation of the sample shall not exceed 40 kPa (5.7 psi) or the specific stress level, that is expected in the field location were the sample was taken, which ever is greater.
- c) The complete laboratory report, as outlined in ASTM D 5084, shall be supplied for each soil sample collected in the field.

#### 2. Oedometer Test Method

- a) The soil samples shall be tested for hydraulic conductivity using ASTM D 2435 (Standard Test Method for One-Dimensional Consolidation Properties of Soils).
- b) Soil specimens shall have a minimum diameter of 50 mm (2 inches) and a minimum height of 20 mm (0.8 inches). The soil specimens shall be selected from a section of the soil sample which contains the most porous material based on a visual inspection. The soil specimen shall be taken from an undisturbed soil sample. The soil specimen shall be completely saturated.
- c) The complete laboratory report, as outlined in ASTM D 2435, shall be supplied for each soil sample collected in the field.